Pictish Art

Or "Dragons and Griffins and Bears, Oh My!"

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gyanhumara@gmail.com

http://www.amazon.com/Kim-Headlee/e/B001KE2LK2

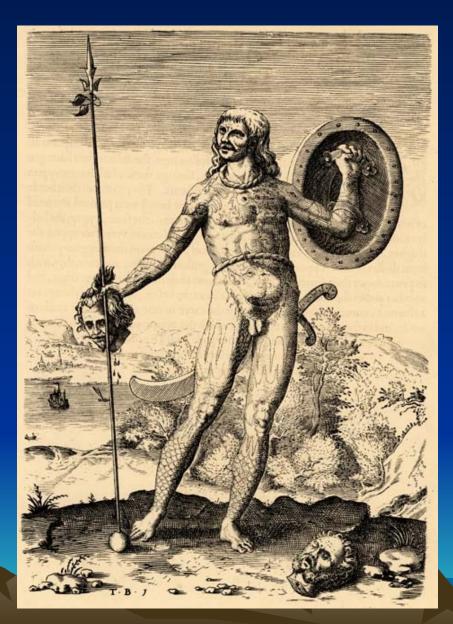
INTRODUCTION

- Created by people the Romans called Picti ("Painted People") in what is now Scotland
- Most art survives as stone carvings; also jewelry and cave paintings
- Several iconic symbols include comb & mirror, Vcrescent, Z-rod, cauldron, salmon, and "Pictish Beast"
- Purpose of earliest stones is unknown; could represent clan territories, marriages & other alliances, or religious significance.
 - Later stones are grave markers and battle monuments.

The Artisans

People the Romans called *Picti* ("Painted People"), aboriginal inhabitants of what is now Scotland.

No one today knows what they called themselves, though "Caledonian" (or some variant thereof, such as "Caledonach") is likely.



Art survives as:

- Carved stones (vast majority)
- Cave paintings
- Jewelry

Tattoos are surmised based on contemporary Roman reports.

"The True Picture of One Pict"

Wood engraving circa 1585 by Theodor de Bry

(public domain image courtesy of Wikimedia Commons)

The Art

GEOMETRIC



Arch and V-Rod, Invereen, Invernessshire, Museum of <u>Scotland</u>



Back of Meigle 7 by Simon Burchell (Wikimedia Commons; Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum)



Early Cross, Dyce 4 stone, Dyce



Norrie's Law silver plaque; photo by Johnbod, Wikimedia Commons



Princess Stone a.k.a. Dunrobin 2, Dairy Park (image courtesy of Pictish Stone Database)

The Art

DOMESTIC



Cauldron detail of Aberlemno 2 stone, Angus



Comb and mirror detail of Dunnichen stone, Angus



Ax, tongs, wedge, and geometric design; Abernethy, Perth. Ax and wedge also interpreted as hammer and anvil.

Pictish Beast detail of Meigle 5 by Simon Burchell; Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum, image courtesy of Wikimedia Commons

The Art

MYTHIC



Hound and griffin on side panel of Meigle 26, Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum



Dragon on front of Meigle 4, photo by James Canal, Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum

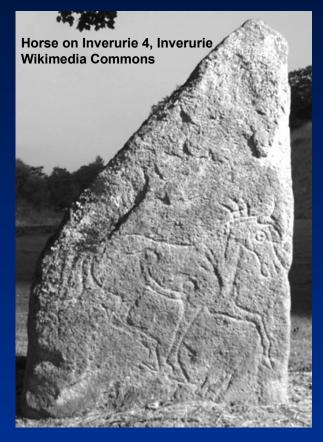


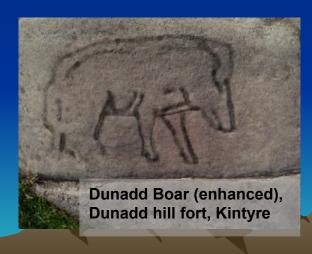


Lying Deer, St Vigeans Museum, Arbroath

The Art ANIMALS









Cat detail of Meigle 5, Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum



Clerics, detail of Invergowrie stone, Angus, Pictish Stone Database

Detail of battle scene on Aberlemno 2, Angus

The Art

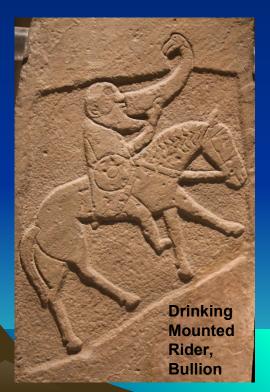
PEOPLE



Pictish Queen detail on Hilton of Cadboll stone, image courtesy of Historic Scotland



Pictish kings, detail of Brough of Birsay stone, Orkney



Class I

- Unworked stones
- Symbols only; etched
- No cross on either side
- Created in the AD 6th, 7th, or 8th century

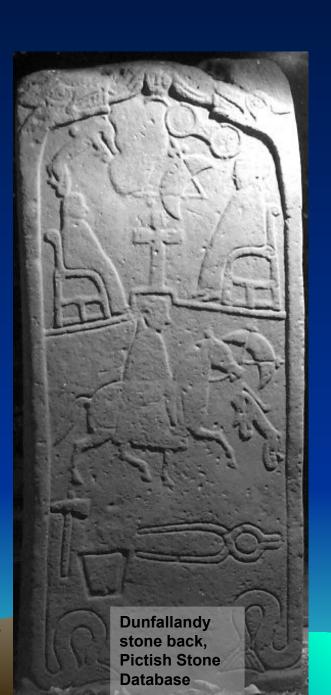


Class II

- Stones have approximately rectangular shape
- Cross on one or both sides
- Symbols fill areas around cross(es) and are carved in relief
- Created in the AD 8th or 9th century



Commons



Class III

- No / few idiomatic Pictish symbols
- Most often recognizable as grave or battle markers, cross slabs, freestanding crosses, and composite shrines
- Created in the AD 8th or 9th century



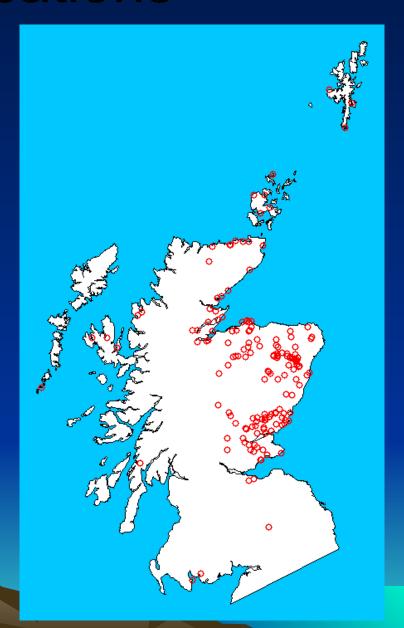
Front and back of Inchbrayock stone, Angus; image courtesy of Pictish Stone Database

Stone Locations

Pictish Stone Database (University of Glasgow/Strathclyde) location map.

Red circles represent stone locations.

Online version is interactive: https://outreach.mathstat.strath.ac.uk/outreach/pictish/database.php



Collections of Stones

- Dunrobin Castle Museum, Golspie collection of over 20 Class I and II Pictish stones collected by the Dukes of Sutherland.
- Elgin Museum, High St, Elgin large collection, largely from Kinneddar churchyard.
- McManus Galleries, Dundee. Collection of class I and III stones.
- The Meffan Institute, Forfar
- Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum, Meigle, near Forfar. Collection of 27 stones on permanent display; open 1 April to 30 September, and by appointment.
- Museum of Scotland, Edinburgh
- Montrose Museum
- Perth Museum, Perth collection of 3 Pictish stones, St Madoes 1, Inchyra and Gellyburn.
- Pictavia, near Brechin
- St Vigeans Museum, Arbroath collection of 38 Pictish and medieval stones.
 Includes the Drosten Stone, a class 2 cross-slab, one of only two Pictish symbol-stones to carry a non-ogham inscription. Open by appointment only.

Whitecleuch Chain

- Found in Whitecleuch, South Lanarkshire, central Scotland in 1869; one of 10 existing examples
- Created in the AD 5th—8th centuries
- 44 silver links in 22 pairs; 50 cm (~19.5 in); 1.8 kg (~4 lbs)
- Probably worn by a chieftain or priest for ceremonial purposes
- Clasp features double disc and Zrod symbols



Wemyss Caves







- Located on north shore of Firth of Forth near East Wemyss
- Bronze Age cup marks (circular indentations)
- Pictish Class I carvings
- Designs
 cataloged in Allen
 & Anderson's
 Early Christian Monuments of Scotland (1903)
- 6 of 11 caves remain; not all contain carvings

Clockwise from left: Pictish warrior (Court Cave), boat (Jonathan's Cave), fish (Jonathan's Cave). Images (c) by Save Wemyss Ancient Caves Society



Belsac Leather & Wood Art

Exploring the imagery of the past with a focus on early Britain.

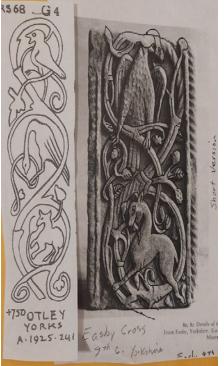
Belsac creates original designs incorporating ancient symbols and images found in jewelry, carving and manuscripts.

He is best known for his Homicidal Rabbit series.

Brian Grinnell (Belsac) has been carving leather for 30 years. His work can be found in the 2025 Worldcon art show and at Norwescon every year.

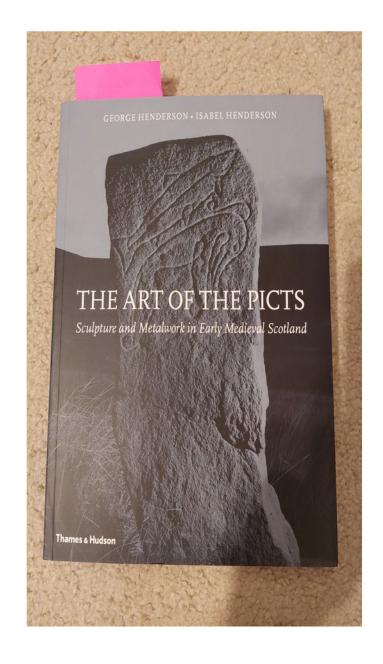








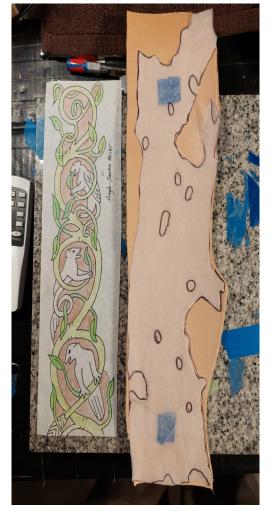
Most of my source material is found in books





The Transfer Process











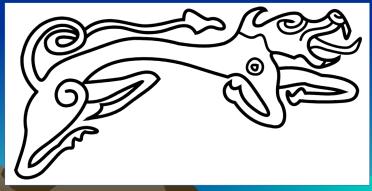


Adaptations









References

- Dunrobin Castle Museum: https://www.dunrobincastle.co.uk/castle/#museum
- Elgin Museum: https://elginmuseum.org.uk/
- Historic Environment Scotland: https://www.historicenvironment.scot/
- McManus, The: https://www.mcmanus.co.uk/
- Meigle Sculptured Stone Museum: https://www.historicenvironment.scot/visit-a-place/places/meigle-sculptured-stone-museum/
- Montrose Museum: https://angusalive.scot/museums-galleries/visit-a-museum-gallery/montrose-museum/
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- Pictish Stone Database: https://outreach.mathstat.strath.ac.uk/outreach/pictish/database.php
- St Vigeans Stones and Museum: https://www.historicenvironment.scot/visit-a-place/places/st-vigeans-stones-and-museum/
- **Senchus (Wemyss Caves)**: https://senchus.wordpress.com/2015/04/10/pictish-carvings-at-the-wemyss-caves/
- Subterranea Britannica (Wemyss Caves): https://www.subbrit.org.uk/db/1448708835.html
- The Kings in the North (general Pictish stone art trip planning): https://www.tailormadeitineraries.com/post/discover-your-backyard-the-kings-in-the-north
- Undiscovered Scotland: https://www.undiscoveredscotland.co.uk